0 2 High-pitched Crying No Inconsolable **R**equires O_2 for oxygen saturation > 95% < 30% > 30% No HR or BP \uparrow < 20% Increased vital signs HR and BP = or <HR or BP \uparrow > 20% preoperative value of preoperative value of preoperative value **E**xpression None Grimace Grimace/grunt **S**leeplessness The baby wakes at The baby is awake No frequent intervals continuously **Coding Tips for CRIES Crying** The characteristic cry of pain is high-pitched If there is no crying or it is not high-pitchedscore **0** If crying is high-pitched but the baby is easily consoledscore 1 If crying is high-pitched and the baby is inconsolablescore 2 Requires O₂ for oxygen saturation > 95% Look for changes in oxygenation. Babies experiencing pain manifest decreases in oxygenation as measured by TCO₂ or oxygen saturation. (Consider other causes of changes in oxygenation: atelectasis, pneumothorax, oversedation, etc.) **Increased vital signs** Note: Take blood pressure last, as this may wake the baby, making other assessments difficult. Use baseline preoperative parameters from a period free of stress. Multiply baseline HR × 0.2, then add this total to the baseline value to determine whether the HR is 20% faster. Do likewise for BP, using the mean value. If HR and BP are both either unchanged or less than at baselinescore 0 If either HR or BP is increased less than 20% of baselinescore 1 If either one is increased more than 20% from baselinescore 2 **Expression** The facial expression most often associated with pain is a grimace characterized by a lowered brow, the eyes squeezed shut, a deepening of the nasolabial furrow, and open lips and mouth. If grimace alone is presentscore 1 This parameter is scored according to the infant's state during the preceding hour. Sleeplessness If the baby has been continuously asleepscore **0** If the baby has awoken at frequent intervalsscore 1 If the baby has been awake continuouslyscore 2

From Krechel, S. W., & Bildner, J. (1995). CRIES: A new neonatal postoperative pain measurement score. Initial testing of validity and reliability. Pediatric Anesthesia, 5(1), 53–61. This neonatal pain assessment tool was developed at the University of Missouri–Columbia. Copyright 1995 S. W. Krechel and Jo Bildner. Adapted with permission.

CRIES Neonatal Postoperative Pain Measurement Tool

 $HR = heart \ rate; BP = blood \ pressure; \uparrow = increase; TCO₂ = transcutaneous CO₂$