Keyboarding Essentials

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LEARNING TO KEY CORRECTLY

The human body is not designed for long sessions of repetitive movement. You might even know someone who has strained their hands and fingers by playing video games. Keyboarding can present similar dangers. When you key, you repeat many small movements with your hands and fingers. You might be keying for a long time. If you position yourself correctly, however, you can avoid strain and fatigue.

Even if you do not practice healthy keying techniques, you might not experience any problems while you are young and flexible. However, over the years, if you don’t begin to key correctly, you will repeat thousands of stressful movements. You risk painful long-lasting injury that can reduce the quality of your life and your ability to work. It pays to develop healthy keying habits now.

ADJUSTING YOUR WORKSTATION

In a classroom you do not usually have much choice in the equipment you must use. However, flexible equipment and a little imagination can help you adjust your workstation.

Adjusting Your Keyboard and Mouse  You want your fingers to gently curve over the keys while your wrist is in a flat, neutral position.

- If wrist rests are available, place one in front of the keyboard as a guide. Never rest your arms, hands, or wrists while you are keying.
- Place your mouse or trackball at the same height as your keyboard, in easy reach of your preferred hand.

Adjusting the Slope of Your Keyboard  If your keyboard slants toward you, you need to adjust it so it is flat or slopes down away from you.

- Flatten the kickstand at the back of the keyboard.
- Alternatively, raise the front of the keyboard about ¾" by using door wedges, a wood strip, or a box.

TECHNIQUE TIP

Never rest your arms, hands, or wrists on anything while you are keying.
CORRECT KEYING POSTURE

After you have adjusted your workstation, you need to maintain the correct keying posture. Following are some guidelines for keying correctly:

- Center your body on the J key, about a hand’s length from the keyboard and directly in front of the monitor.
- Hold your head straight over your shoulders, without straining forward or backward.
- Position the monitor at eye level, about arm’s length away, so you look down about 10 degrees.
- Elongate and relax your neck.
- Keep your shoulders down.
- Tilt your keyboard slightly down toward the monitor. This helps you keep your wrists neutral and your fingers relaxed and curled.
- Adjust your chair and keyboard so your elbows bend at right angles.
- Keep your arms close to your sides, but free to move slightly.
- Keep your wrists relaxed and straight in a “neutral” position.
- Keep your back upright or tilted slightly forward from the hips. Keep the slight natural curve of your lower back. Use a cushion or adjust the chair to support your lower back.
- Keep your knees slightly lower than your hips.
- Adjust your chair so your feet are well supported. Use a footrest, if needed.

AVOIDING STRESS WHEN KEYING

There are two ways to avoid stress when keying. First, you need to maintain the correct keying posture as you key. Second, you need to take a short break every 20 to 30 minutes and perform stretching exercises designed to help you avoid strain, fatigue, and injury.

Maintaining a Correct Keying Position  It’s easy to start keying by using the correct keying position. As we key, however, many of us lose our focus, and bad habits begin to creep in. It’s important to check your keying position to make sure you are still keying correctly. The following figures show some guidelines for maintaining correct keying positions.
Figure B-2  (Left) Maintain a correct upright posture. (Right) Avoid slouching, extending your elbows, or bending your wrists.

Figure B-3  (Left) Maintain a neutral position with your hands. (Right) Avoid twisting your hands inward or outward.

Figure B-4  (Left) Maintain a neutral wrist position with gently curled fingers. (Right) Avoid bending your wrists or using an upward-sloping keyboard.

Stretching and Resting  When you key for a long time, your muscles stiffen. You become fatigued and risk injury. You build tension in many parts of your body, including your neck, arms, and wrists. To relieve the tension and reduce the threat of injury, you should stretch before you start keying. You should also take short breaks from keying every 20 to 30 minutes and stretch.

Stretch 1: Neck Stretch
Sitting tall, bring your chin toward your chest, stretching the back of your neck. Slowly repeat two times. See Figure B-5.
**Stretch 2: Head Turn**

Begin with your head in a neutral position. Look all the way to the right without moving your chest or upper back. Then, look to the left. Slowly repeat two times. See Figure B-6.

![Figure B-6 Head turn.](image)

**Stretch 3: Head Tilt**

Begin with your head in a neutral position. Bring your ear toward your shoulder without turning your head or lifting your shoulder. Hold for a count of five. Reverse directions. See Figure B-7.

![Figure B-7 Head tilt.](image)

**Stretch 4: Downward Wrist Stretch**

With your left fingers pointing down and your palm in, place your right hand over your left knuckles. Extend your arms straight out. Gently press back with your right hand to a count of ten. Reverse hands. Repeat the stretches using a fist. See Figure B-8.

![Figure B-8 Downward wrist stretch.](image)
**Stretch 5: Upward Wrist Stretch**

With your left fingers pointing up, place your right hand over your left palm. Extend your arms straight out. Gently press back with your right hand to a count of ten. Reverse hands. Repeat the stretches with fingers pointing down and the palm out. See Figure B-9.

![Figure B-9 Upward wrist stretch.](image)

**BENEFITS OF KEYING CORRECTLY**

Training takes effort and time. If you already use a keyboard, you might have to re-teach your body to use correct techniques. You might ask yourself “Why make the effort? I’m already keying fast enough.”

Just imagine you will probably be using a computer for the rest of your life. If you don’t learn now, you will probably need to learn later. There’s really no escaping it. Besides, if you learn to key correctly, you will:

- Increase your speed.
- Increase your efficiency, making fewer errors.
- Increase your effectiveness because you can see your work and screen while your hands are free to work.
- Stay healthy, avoid injury, and remain productive over your lifetime.

**BREAKING BAD HABITS**

Many of you might have been keying for years. However, without any formal training, you could easily have developed bad habits.

The best way to correct bad habits is to use natural breaks as checkpoints. For instance, look at your own habits at the end of each exercise, paragraph, or page you type. Consider your posture, sitting position, hand position, keying technique, and work habits.

To help you break your bad habits, consult the following “Bad Habits Checklist.” Check it when you start keying and when you take a break. If you know you have a particular bad habit, try to focus on the correction at the beginning of every keying session. Eventually the bad habit will be replaced by the good habit. It takes work, but it’s worth it.
### Bad Habit Checklist

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bad Habit</th>
<th>Correction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Slouching</td>
<td>Sit up straight with your feet flat and well supported.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reaching too far for the keyboard or the mouse</td>
<td>Sit one hand’s length from the keyboard. Keep elbows at right angles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leaning your hand on the keyboard or the wrist support</td>
<td>Hover your hands over the keyboard; curl your fingers slightly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bending your wrists forward, back, left, or right</td>
<td>Keep your forearms and wrists straight and in the neutral position.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pounding the keys</td>
<td>Strike keys lightly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Looking at the keyboard</td>
<td>Position the workstand close to the monitor at eye level. Keep your eyes on your work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raising your elbows</td>
<td>Keep your arms close to your body.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raising your shoulders</td>
<td>Keep your shoulders relaxed, with your chest open and wide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keying with the wrong fingers</td>
<td>Practice with correct fingers until you establish the right habit. Your speed will then improve.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure B-10** Many of us have developed bad habits that we need to break.
Learn the Home Keys

LEARN AND PRACTICE

Begin keying by placing your fingers on the eight keys—called the home keys—ASDFJKL and semicolon as shown below.

The index finger of your left hand should rest on F, your second and third fingers rest on D and S, and the little finger of your left hand rests on A. For your right hand, your index finger should rest on J, your second and third fingers rest on K and L, and your little finger rests on ;.

From now on, the finger you use to press a key will be named for its home-key letter. For example, your left little finger is the A finger. Your right index finger is the J finger.

From the home keys, you can reach all the other keys on the keyboard. The keyboard diagram shows which homekey finger is used for each key. For example, you use the D finger to key all the keys in the band of green on the left. You use the L finger to key all the keys in the band of red on the right, and so on. When any finger is not actually pressing a key, you should keep it resting lightly on its home key.

The row of keys containing the home keys is called the home row. The row below the home row is the first row. The row above the home row is the third row.

HOME KEYS

A Use the A finger.
S Use the S finger.
D Use the D finger.
F Use the F finger.
J Use the J finger.
K Use the K finger.
L Use the L finger.
; Use the ; finger.

The semicolon (;) is typically used between two independent clauses in a sentence. In a sentence, key one space after a semicolon.

KEYBOARDING TIP

On only the semicolon is colored. This is because the key is used for two different characters. In this lesson, you learn how to key the semicolon. In a later lesson you will learn how to key a colon.
Learn and Practice the Spacebar Notice that on the keyboard diagram, the keys you have learned are darker and tinted with their background color. Now locate the Spacebar on the diagram. You use the Spacebar to insert spaces between letters and words. You press it by using the thumb of your writing hand (that is, the hand you use for writing). You do not use the thumb of your other hand.

Key the home-key letters, inserting a space after each letter by pressing the Spacebar quickly and lightly. (Drill lines are numbered. Do not key the green numbers.)

1 a s d f j k l ;

Learn and Practice Enter You do not have to wait for a text line to be “full” before starting a new line. Pressing the Enter key starts a new line of text whenever you need one. You press Enter by using the finger. Try to keep the finger on its home key when you press Enter.

Now press Enter (←) to start a new line. Key each of the lines below twice. Press Enter (→) after each line.

2 asdf jkl; asdf jkl; asdf jkl;←
3 ;lkj fdsa ;lkj fdsa ;lkj fdsa←
4 fd jk sa l; fds jkl dsa kl;←
5 dfsa l; kj ddss kkll ffaa ;;jj fjdk ls; a←

Learn and Practice Double-Space You can add a blank line between lines of text by pressing Enter twice. This is how you double-space text. (Two consecutive Enters are sometimes referred to as a double line-space.)

Key a line of text, press Enter, and then key it again. After you key a line the second time, press Enter twice before keying a new line. Using this method, key each line twice, and double-space after each pair of lines.

6 adfs jlk; aj sk dl f; aaa jjj sd kl ldsk←
7 fjjf dkkd sisl da l; ks fj ;f sss lll dl←
8 kkd dlk ds ddd ;f ff ;; fdl; sl f; ds kl←
9 a as dad sad fads lads lass falls flasks←
TECHNIQUE TIP
Concentrate on pressing the correct keys. Read silently letter-by-letter as you key. In this Warm Up do not focus on your speed.

BREAKING BAD HABITS
Do not hammer your fingers on the keyboard. Strike keys with a light tap.

REVIEW
The keyboard shows the keys you have learned so far. This lesson focuses on the keys highlighted in dark blue.

WARM UP
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines (remember, that means pressing Enter after you key the line the first time and pressing Enter twice after you key the line the second time).

1  asdf jkl; asdf jkl; asdf jk l; as df jkl
2  ;lkj fdsa ;lkj fdsa a;sl dkfj fdjk sa l;
3  fk dk sl a; fds jkl asd ;lkj k fd asf lj
4  sdl fdk kls ad; jfd salk klas dsf; flks;

PRACTICE
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Left-Hand Focus
5  fdsa asdf ff dd ss aa fd sa ds af asf fd
6  asdf df df sd sd as as fa af das fad s aa
7  fads df as dfaa dd fs fada dada fafa sasa

Right-Hand Focus
8  jkl; ;lkj jj kk ll ;; jk l; kl j; jk; jk
9  jkl; l; l; kl kl jk jk ;; j; ;lk ;lk kjj
10 jlkj l; jk jll lkjj kkjl klk jkkl; kllj;

Home Keys
11  asdf jkl; fjdk l;sa fjk jfd dk1 kds; all
12  jk df dk jf sl a; fjd kds; akl kds l dkll
13  adkl da jk kads lfd s; ljd s jfds lks; jdlk
14  as a dad; all lads; all fads; as a lass;
15  lads; dads; as sad; lass; as all; a fad;
Learn E and H

WARM UP

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Do not look at the keyboard when you are keying.

1. a dd aaa as asd sdf j jj j jj jk jkl jkl
2. as ads ask; lass dada jask fads dads sad
3. lads dada daff; jajs ja salad dads; saks
4. jakk jall; jadd dajs ladd saddl aja had

LEARN

Reach your D finger up and slightly left when you key E. Keep your A and S fingers anchored on their home keys. Reach your J finger directly left to key H. Keep the other right-hand fingers anchored on their home keys.

PRACTICE

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice e
5. d e d ddd eee de ede eed lee eel del eel
6. eee ddd lll eel led eee dell lee led lee
7. eee ddd elk elf sell eee ddd see lee fee

Practice h
8. j h j jj hhh jh hj hjh j jj hhh jj hhh
9. aaa hhh ash sss ash hh ss aa has sa sash
10. ha had aha has heel she hee half hah has

Practice e and h
11. he he eh eh hhh eee she he eh she eh hee
12. hhh eee easel feed seed heed lead she he
13. jade desks head sake head lead seal jade
14. has heed; lad had; heel hale; seek sale;

NEW KEYS

E Use the D finger.
H Use the J finger.

KEYBOARDING TIP

Press Enter at the end of every line unless you are told specifically to use word-wrap. From this point on, the Enter symbol (↓) is not shown.
Learn R and I

WARM UP

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Concentrate on pressing the correct key each time.

1 ff fff ddd fd df jj jkj lkj fjk fdjk hhj
2 fed fej fek delk jade dale fake keel
3 lease lash lake ladle leak led leek feel
4 flea fled sea seal sell sleek shake heel

NEW KEYS

R Use the F finger.
I Use the K finger.

LEARN

Reach your F finger up and slightly left when you key R. Keep the other left-hand fingers anchored on their home keys. Reach your K finger up and slightly left to key I. Keep the other right-hand fingers anchored on their home keys.

PRACTICE

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice r
5 fff frf frf fff rfr rffr fff rrr fff rrr
6 ra are far raf dare reef fear free freed
7 red jar lard reel dark darker hares rare

Practice i
8 k kk iii kik kkk ikki iki kk ii kkk kiki
9 ii ll jj kij sill jik ilk fill dill kids
10 if is silk kid hid kill ilk kiss hi hide

Practice r and i
11 ri ire ride sir rife fire dire sire rise
12 if ride hire hare hers rides fries dries
13 lair fair hair raid rid dill drill frill
14 riff sheared shire sear fire liars fried

TECHNIQUE TIP

Adjust your chair and keyboard so your elbows bend at right angles.
Review E H R and I

REVIEW
The keyboard shows the keys you have learned so far. This lesson focuses on the keys highlighted in dark blue.

WARM UP
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

1 all ale ad else sled sell sale lass less
2 sheer shear share ail air rile lair fair
3 hash flea his head lead lease deals dash
4 here hares hire hair jars jeer rear dear

PRACTICE
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice e and h
5 ddd dde ded dde eed ed deeds sea eel see
6 hhh hjh jhj jjujj jjb hh ja had he has she
7 had shed he she jade lake head ease heed
8 deed heed seed heal seal fed easel lease

Practice r and i
9 rrr ffr frf rfr re are red her fair here
10 iki kik kki if ire dire kid lie like
11 rise iris frail rail err dear dire fires
12 sire fire liar lair rail hail jail riser

Practice e h r and i
13 heir hare hair heard hire here rare rear
14 lairs said share shire red her idea dare
15 jeers; sir fir hear; fare hare hair lair
16 sear shared; liars rails hired fired ire
17 hailed fresher fished rides herds shades

BREAKING BAD HABITS
Do not look at the keyboard. Keep your eyes on the screen or on your work.
NEW KEYS

**T** Use the **F** finger.

**O** Use the **L** finger.

**BREAKING BAD HABITS**
Do not rest your hands or arms on any support. Keep your hands over the keyboard as you key.

**WARM UP**
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Keep your fingers anchored on the home keys.

1. f ff fff fir fire fir fire fff ff fff ff
2. l ll lll lad lade lad lade lll ll lll 11
3. fall fell fill earl leaf field fife life
4. hall hall lire dire rare rash dash flash

**LEARN**

Reach your **F** finger up and right to key **T**. Keep your **A, S, D** fingers anchored on their home keys. Reach your **L** finger up and slightly left to key **O**. Keep the other fingers of your right hand anchored on their home keys.

**PRACTICE**
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

**Practice t**
5. f ff ttt ttf tft ffft the that this tree
6. this tall tree; tear it; lift the tires;
7. at all; third three first; at tea three;

**Practice o**
8. o ll o oo lol olo old lot soak sold told
9. ode doe rot dot lot lost slot joke joker
10. oars are solid; oats look food; a lot of

**Practice o and t**
11. ff tt trt ll oo lo ol ooo of to too toto
12. foot fool tools loot took jots lots soot
13. hoot; odes to; store; lots of lost tools
14. hold those; if told; he dotes; too short
Learn G and N

WARM UP
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Keep your wrists and fingers relaxed.

1  f f f  ft  file  fail  fir  fr  ftr  ftt  tf
2  j j j  jar  jail  has  hill  jhj  jj  hhj  jj
3  feel  foil  life  half  heal  this  that  those
4  joke  hers  rake  fast  haste  hoist  lash  lid

LEARN
Reach your F finger directly right to key G. Keep the other fingers of your left hand anchored on their home keys. Reach your J finger down and left to key N. Keep the other fingers of your right hand anchored on their home keys.

PRACTICE
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice g
5  g g ggg fgf fgtg tgf go gal got get lag
6  sag sage stag stage gas rag egg edge leg
7  dog ledge keg grog get tiger grade grail

Practice n
8  n nn nnn jnj jnhn hnjn no on in kin none
9  rind seen lane train lane lean nine lion
10  tan ten ton tin tones none nasal tinnier

Practice n and g
11 ff gg gg jj nn nn gn ng ing ing nag ring
12 nag anger gnarl range longer green grind
13 ring grand glean grin gone gentle ginger
14 tangle dangle strange slings and strings

NEW KEYS
G Use the F finger.
N Use the J finger.

TECHNIQUE TIP
When keying, hold your head straight, without tilting it forward or backward.
NEW KEYS

Use the \textbf{A} finger.

Use Left Shift for right-hand capital letters (and for all other shifted right-hand characters).

Use the \textbf{L} finger.

A period is used in abbreviations and to mark the end of a sentence. Typically, one space follows a period.

BREAKING BAD HABITS

Do not slouch. Sit up straight with your feet flat and supported.

WARM UP

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Keep your fingers curved.

1. a aa aaa j jj jjj; a aa aaa j kk lll jkl
2. l ll lll lag lags land doll dill toil in
3. all lie like kite kin of ode or ore idea
4. lashes slides knell soil sails rill roil

LEARN

Reach your \textbf{A} finger down and left to press the Left \textbf{Shift} key. With Left \textbf{Shift} pressed, you can strike any right-hand key. Then, release Left \textbf{Shift}. Reach your \textbf{L} finger down and slightly right to key \textbf{L}. Keep your \textbf{J} finger on its home key.

PRACTICE

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice Left Shift

5. jJ Jj Jd kK Kk Kf lL Ll Ls JdJ fKKf sLLs
6. hH Hj Ha aHHa; Jill Hill Lee; Hall Iris;
7. Hi there Hello; Here he is; Leo the lion

Practice Period

8. a. l. s. k. d. j. f. e. r. t. i. o. n. a
9. adj. alt. art. e.g. gal. i.e. inf. sing.
10. in. ft. kil. gr. lit. orig. transl. del.

Practice Left Shift and Period

12. Long. Lat. N.H.L. Joe and Jed; King Lear
Review Left shift to and right >

REVIEW
The keyboard shows the keys you have learned so far. This lesson focuses on the keys highlighted in dark blue.

WARM UP
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Concentrate on pressing the correct key each time.

1 t to to tot toe not note got gotten tote
2 jJ kK lL hH iI oO. Joke; Kids like Jake.
3 Joanne is terse. Nora nods. Kane is kin.
4 Kirk tends to the garden. Lana looks on.

PRACTICE
Key each line once. Double-space after each group of lines.

Practice t and o
5 ttt ooo fff lll to too toot tot toe tote
6 to tone toner foot oat lot jot rote goat
7 toast knots trots lost stones toes ghost

Practice g and n
8 ggg nnn ggg nnn no go; gone; genes; sign
9 long longer longest longing song singing
10 no nod node; note done; gig agog; gotten

Practice Left Shift and Period
11 JKL; IO. KNOLL. Jr. Kg. Lg. Jds. Hd.
12 Kin are kind. Logan Hotel. Otis loiters.

Practice t o g n Left Shift and Period
14 to go to. Nine tons. No one going. Ogden
15 green gnarl great gross gnats grain gilt

TECHNIQUE TIP
Center your body on J about a hand’s length from the keyboard, directly in front of your monitor.
WARM UP

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Strike the keys with a light tap.

1. d dd ddd sad sat dot dog done dotes adds
2. j jj jjj Jill Join hill her his hat hits
3. Lili held on. Jade is green. Jess holds.
4. does he dial one or three; drifted east;

NEW KEYS

C Use the D finger.
U Use the J finger.

LEARN

Reach down and slightly right with your D finger to key C. Keep the A and S fingers anchored on their home keys. Reach up and slightly left with your J finger to key U. Keep the K, L, and fingers anchored on their home keys.

PRACTICE

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice c

5. d dd c cc dc dc dcd cad cat cater decade
6. lacks class clicks coins; Nick can cook.
7. lace cask flock shock Jack likes cheese.

Practice u

8. j jj u uu ju juj uuj ujuj us use sue uses
9. due hue hurt huge urge; He is Uncle Kurt.
10. Used lutes and flutes; noun run nuts hut

Practice c and u

11. cur cue cut cud curt cute cuff cure curd
12. cull could cough couch accuse occur ouch
13. curls cushion curious cluck scour ruckus
14. such clubs culture course cruel function
Learn **W** and **Shift**

**WARM UP**

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Keep your arms close to your sides but free to move.

1. s ss sss sash ski skits sour sell sister
2. so; does; sun; stars; sass; losses; dust
3. Hugh shares his fish. He leads us south.
4. sack; cast; usage; soccer; lesson; sense

**LEARN**

Reach up and slightly left with your **S** finger to key **W**. Keep your **F** and **D** fingers anchored on their home keys. Reach your **J** finger down and right to press the **Shift** key. (Keep your **K** fingers anchored on their home keys.) With Right Shift pressed, you can strike any left-hand key. Then, release Right Shift.

**PRACTICE**

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

**Practice w**

5. s w ss ww sss ws wsw sss www sws wsw
6. saw awe dew draw jaw law wall well wills
7. sag wad owe we wan wall week wear wealth

**Practice Right Shift**

8. S; St; SA; W.A.G. F Fa Go Ta Da Ed We Fr
9. Fast Far Face Dad Dash Deal Sad Sash Add
10. AHA; Cold Drinks; Pine Sand; Grills Fish

**Practice w and Right Shift**

11. The Fresh Air Fund; The Far East; C.O.D.
12. WAAF Go slowly. Walt thinks; Tess walks;
13. Glow Aware Flaw Waist Rower Ewe Chew Few

**NEW KEYS**

**W** Use the **S** finger.

**Shift** Use the **;** finger.

Use Right Shift for left-hand capital letters (and for all other shifted left-hand characters).

**TECHNIQUE TIP**

Remember to use the Right Shift key for left-hand capital letters and the Left Shift key for right-hand capital letters.
Lesson 12

Learn X and M

WARM UP
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Keep your wrists relaxed.

1 s ss sss w ww www sw wsw sw saw sew swat
2 j jj u uu jiu jitsu Julio jingle just jaw
3 Chris Wes Wendi sacks socks clock roasts
4 as is was SST Sid idle snack snake straw

NEW KEYS
X Use the S finger.
M Use the J finger.

TECHNIQUE TIP
Keep your shoulders down.

LEARN

Reach down and slightly right with your S finger to key X. As you make the reach, keep your F finger anchored on its home key. Reach down and slightly right with your J finger to key M. Keep your K L, and  fingers anchored on their home keys.

PRACTICE
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice x
5 s ss x xx sx xsx xs xs xss S X XSX six axis
6 ax axe axel ox oxen fox flex sax sox FAX
7 Rex hoax nix next index annex Saxons XXI

Practice m
8 j jj jm mj jmmj mmjm mm mmm JM MJ me mom
9 Milk makes more might. gamma mailman mum
10 mammoth makes mole mire magma Mark merge

Practice x and m
11 wax tax lax gum gem exam remix minx coax
12 mold mile mere more magic marred maximum
13 Tom Mix; Max; Mr. Maxwell; Ms. M. Maxine
14 maxim mixture axiom Manx matrix exclaims
Review C U W X M and Right Shift

REVIEW
The keyboard shows the keys you have learned so far. This lesson focuses on the keys highlighted in dark blue.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Dd Ss Cc Jj Uu Ww Xx Mm cue cruel tuxedo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. sugar smudge mail male malls urges under</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Ursa Essex Tom mow met metric metal axle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Caitlin wash wish wells waxes masc. fem.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WARM UP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Practice c and u</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5. muck duck duct tuck luck lucid cull cuss</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. cute could crush crust touch truck scull</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. deuce stuck stack sticks success custard</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Practice w and Right Shift</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8. William Washi Wen Winslow Woodrow Wilson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Wolfgang Winona Wade Wheeler Wilma Wendi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Willow Wallace Wanda Ward Wes Walt Willa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Practice x and m</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11. mix Mexican maximum maximal Maddox moxie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. mixer Alex examined axmen taxman Maxwell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. mass exits extremes exhumes sixth summer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Practice c u w Right Shift x and m</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15. Dexter Wexler Chuck chum chew chow exits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Sammie worries that few hear much music.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TECHNIQUE TIP
Key by using the correct reach; other fingers should remain in their home positions.
NEW KEYS

B Use the F finger.

Y Use the J finger.

BREAKING BAD HABITS

Do not reach far for the keyboard. Keep elbows at right angles, but free to move slightly.

WARM UP

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Do not look at the keyboard.

1 if elf fast fill fun effort effect faded
2 end hen den jail Julie hale hinge jogger
3 gas sash fish half fresh joshes freshman
4 Edward jest heft cleft gash grass jagged

LEARN

Reach your F finger down and right to key B. Keep your A finger anchored on its home key. Reach your J finger up and left to key Y. Keep the other right-hand fingers anchored on their home keys.

PRACTICE

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice b
5 fff fbf bfb bbb fb b b b b a a b e fib
6 bee bib bat bar rub dub cub club tub but
7 been bias bunt tuba stub beef bark about
8 cable rabbit cabbie ribbon rubber bubble

Practice y
9 j j j y j j y j j j y j y y j y y y j y y y j y y y j y y y j y y y j y y y j y y y j y y y j y y y j y y y j y y y j
10 you yet yes say sty dry day aye fly away
11 joy jay jury ray rely yolk yen nosy body
12 Young York Yak yam yummy tiny teeny tidy

Practice b and y
13 Bryce buys a bulb to brighten the lobby.
14 Buddy the bulldog labors to bury a bone.
15 Brody yearns for a yacht; bye bye money.
Learn **V** and **P**

**WARM UP**
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Key by using the correct reach.

1. **ff** **gg** **bb** **fbf** fans feels Biff baffles bye
2. **j**; Jill; **lo**; **hi**; **his**; hers; **their**; lake;
3. good friend; forge ahead; lost messages;
4. ironclad; tea for two; title match; I.D.

**LEARN**

Reach your **F** finger down and slightly right to key **V**. Keep your **A** and **S** fingers anchored on their home keys. Reach your **I** finger up and slightly left to key **P**. Keep the other right-hand fingers anchored on their home keys.

**PRACTICE**
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

**Practice v**

5. **fff** **fv** **fv** **vf** **fvf** **vf** **f** vet eve
6. **vow** van vat vex vote vast vase vest vary
7. **ivy** ever even envy eave avid alive above

**Practice p**

8. **;;** ;p; **;pp**; pp; ;p **;pp** pat pad ape
9. pep papa pass pond pane pick paste price
10. sap clap tape press supper paddle puddle

**Practice v and p**

11. pave peeeve prove privy vamp VIP provider
12. vapors viper verve pivot private prevail
13. evil powers oval pools develop viewpoint
14. vampire approve overlap overpaid popover

**NEW KEYS**
**V** Use the **F** finger.
**P** Use the **I** finger.

**TECHNIQUE TIP**
When using your **I** finger to reach for **P**, keep your right elbow close to your side.
NEW KEYS

Use the A finger.

Use the K finger.

The comma is used to separate words and phrases for clearness.

BREAKING BAD HABITS

Do not bend your wrists forward, back, left, or right. Keep them relaxed and straight.

Learn Q and ,

WARM UP

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Strike each key with the correct finger.

1 as aim aide avid aster ashes adapt adept
2 key kid king kit kiss kiln milks kippers
3 okay lanes lake like lamb Luke live long
4 all alarm call rail raffle river Alabama

LEARN

Reach your A finger up and slightly left to key Q. Keep your D and F fingers anchored on their home keys. Reach your K finger down and slightly right to key the comma. Keep your L and ; fingers anchored to their home keys.

PRACTICE

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice q

5 aa aq aqqa qqaa aqa qa qua aqua quad
6 quit quay quite quill quill quilt quaint
7 equip equal squid squad quest quack Que.

Practice ,

8 kkk, ki, jk, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I
9 one, two, three, four; red, white, blue,
10 Joaquin owned a cat, a dog, and a mouse.

Practice q and ,

11 quiet, quota, quote, squat, squaw, squib
12 Raquel, quail, squirrel, sequel, conquer
13 equate, equator, Quincy, squares, squirt
14 Queen, quake, quasi, qualm, quirk, quash
Review 

**TECHNIQUE TIP**

Make sure your back is straight or tilted slightly forward from the hips.

**REVIEW**

The keyboard shows the keys you have learned so far. This lesson focuses on the keys highlighted in dark blue.

---

**WARM UP**

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

1. fad frail Frank Alfred bug bud bush vast
2. hen Hanna vary very your young yell yelp
3. bevy; pamper; prove; pixie; posh; gladly
4. year, ache, acre, squish, piquant, quint

---

**PRACTICE**

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

**Practice b and y**

5. byte ruby abyss shabby tabby bygone days
6. bay birthday yellow belly bully boundary
7. gabby cubby abbey bubbly burly hobby buy

**Practice v and p**

8. vapor vapid pensive pave preview prevent
9. Vice President V.I.P. overpaid passivity
10. Pablo plays the vibraphone very happily.

**Practice q and ,**

11. Quite, squab, quickens, quibble, quantum
12. Queens, quits, toque, quarrels, quantity
13. Quinn squashed it quickly and then quit.

**Practice b y v p q and ,**

14. pay pry bypass bumpy pebbly pygmy opaque
15. brave, vinyl, brevity, behave very badly
16. Bowery Boys, Marquis, Beverly, Quasimodo
NEW KEYS

Use the A finger.

Use Left Shift and the A finger.

The colon (:) is used in numerical expressions and to direct attention to information that follows (as in “For example:").

SPACING TIP

In a sentence, you use one space after a colon.

WARM UP

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Keep your wrists relaxed and straight.

1. debut past perk park chances dares tries
2. flurry hurry scurry enjoy delays happens
3. salve settles vessel vassal caste create
4. Frasier will pursue a career in finance.

LEARN

Reach your A finger down and slightly right when you key Z. Keep the left-hand fingers anchored on their home keys. Keying the colon is like keying a capital letter. Hold down the Left Shift key and strike . Then, release Left Shift.

PRACTICE

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice z

5. a az aza zza azq za zap zoo
6. zoom zest zeal Zen zinc zone cozy zipper
7. Zuni fizz fuzz zigzag zebra zero pizzazz
8. zip quiz lazy mezzo muzzle zenith frozen

Practice :

9. ; ;:: ;:: ;:: Sirs: Ext: As follows:
10. Memo To: From: Date: Subj: RE: CC: ATTN:
11. To Whom It May Concern: Dear Madam: Ref:

Practice z and :

12. Dear Elizabeth: To: Mrs. Dezanne Ziegler
13. Puzzle answer: ZIP Code: Zone: Size: NZ:
**NEW KEYS**

Use the **finger.

The apostrophe ( ') has many purposes. Use it to form contractions (don't) and possessives (John’s).

Use Left **and the **finger.

Use quotation marks ( " " ) to enclose direct quotations, to emphasize words, and to display certain titles.

**BREAKING BAD HABITS**

Do not key with the wrong fingers. Practice with correct fingers until you establish the right habit.

---

**WARM UP**

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Keep your eyes on the page and not on the keyboard.

1. fizz fuzz dizzy gaze buzzer prized gizmo
2. Abbot alley fast has lasts dash flag lab
3. play; pram; pads; my pals; swamps; pique
4. Name: Address: FAX: cars, planes, trains

---

**LEARN**

Reach your finger right to key an apostrophe. Keep the **and **fingers anchored on their home keys. To key a quotation mark, hold down Left **, reach your **finger right, and strike.

**PRACTICE**

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

**Practice '**

5. ; ';' ';' ;' ';' s s' it's I'm isn't aren't
6. Jill's Dave's Omar's didn't don't aren't
7. isn't hadn't should've would've could've

**Practice "**

8. ;" ;" ;" x" y" A" B" My Way" Okay."
10. "Just enough," she said. "Oh, we agree."

**Practice ' and "**

11. "It's Magic" "Let's Dance" "That's Life"
12. "Don't hang up." "I'll call." "I'm Sue."
15. "Lillie won't travel on New Year's Eve."
NEW KEYS

Use the ♦️ finger.

A hyphen (-) is used for compound words. It is also used to divide words between lines, although most word-processing programs do this automatically.

Use the ♦️ finger.

A diagonal (/), often called a forward slash, is used in abbreviations, in fractions, and to express alternatives or relationships.

SPACING TIP

In normal use, do not space before or after the diagonal.

WARM UP

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Hold your head straight, without leaning it forward or backward.

1 "Let's go pick apples," Sophie proposed.
2 Paul's parrot piped up, "I'm not Polly."
3 Shipped to: Paul Lopez; PS: Please RSVP.
4 Piper liked papaya; Piper's aunt didn't.

LEARN

To key a hyphen, reach your ♦️ finger up and slightly right and strike ♦️. Keep the ♦️ finger anchored on its home keys. To key a diagonal, reach your ♦️ finger down and slightly right and strike ♦️. Keep the other right-hand fingers anchored on their home keys.

PRACTICE

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice -
5 ;p; ;p-p; ;-; ;--; -er
6 one-on-one
7 T-shirt

Practice /
8 ;/; ;///; ;///; a/b I/we he/she
9 East/West
10 true/false, owner/manager, and/or, AM/FM
11 his/her, on/off, either/or, input/output

Practice - and /
12 best-case/worst-case, high-rise/low-rise
13 left-hand/right-hand, mid-week/mid-month
14 paper-thin/see-through, ice-cold/red-hot
15 tax-exempt/tax-sheltered one-way/two-way
Review Z ; ; - and ?

REVIEW
The keyboard shows the keys you have learned so far. This lesson focuses on the keys highlighted in dark blue.

WARM UP
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Begin with your fingers curled and lightly touching the home keys.

1 brazen shilly-shally sizzle crazy quartz
2 Don's fez, Via: tilt-a-whirl willy-nilly
3 mightn't hadn't "Don't say such things."
4 http://www.si.edu "wall-to-wall" mi./hr.

PRACTICE
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice z and :
5 Price per dozen: Prize: Size: Zookeeper:
6 Zone: Bronze medal: Tarzan: Waltz: Czar:

Practice ' and "
7 "Neither a borrower nor a lender be." S.
8 "Don't just say 'Don't' like that's it."

Practice - and /
9 street-smart/quick-witted/sharp-sighted;
10 He/she must give a blow-by-blow account.
11 She provides on-site support for E-mail.

Practice z : ' " - and /
12 "door-to-door" 'self-employed' in-house:
13 log-jam low-flying "Long-Range" two-term
14 Zig Lenz: Writer/Producer; life-or-death
15 A day of dappled sea-born clouds. -Joyce

SPACING TIPS
Remember: Do not key a space before or after a hyphen in a hyphenated word. Do not key a space before or after a diagonal.
NEW KEYS
Use Caps Lock to key capital letters without pressing Right Shift or Left Shift.

Use Caps Lock to key capital letters. You still have to press Left Shift to key punctuation such as a question mark, a colon, or a quotation mark.

LEARN
Reach your \(A\) finger left to press Caps Lock. Keep all other fingers on their home keys. (Once you press Caps Lock, it stays on until you press it again.) The question mark is a shifted diagonal. Press Left Shift, reach your \(J\) finger down and slightly right and strike ?.

PRACTICE
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

Practice Caps Lock
5 NBA, NFL, AND NCAA ANNOUNCE RULE CHANGES
6 ASPCA FINDS LOST DOG; ROVER RETURNS HOME
7 IMAGINE: MEN WALK ON MOON; READ ABOUT IT

Practice ?
8 ;/; ;?: ::: ?:: ?:: ?:: /?/? Who? How? Why?
9 Me? When? Soon? What day? Are you going?
10 Can you? Would you? Could you? Call me?

Practice Caps Lock and ?
11 VISITOR FROM SPACE? AN ECONOMIC SETBACK?
12 PRESIDENT'S TRIP ON HOLD? TWO TEE TIMES?
13 VIKINGS IN THE NEW WORLD? KENNEWICK MAN?
14 MASSIVE CALCULATION ERRORS TO BLAME? US?
**NEW KEYS**

Use the **A** finger.

Press Tab to align items into columns or to indent text for paragraphs. Tabs are automatically set every half-inch.

---

**WARM UP**

Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

1. adamant ACADEMIA adzuki AARDVARK amalgam
2. Alabama Havana Agra Qatar Panama Jamaica
3. La Salle, La Mancha, La Plata, La Spezia
4. aquatic AQUARIUS aqueous AQUILA aqueduct

**LEARN**

Reach up and left with your **A** finger to key **Tab**. Keep the **F** finger on its home key. Keep your elbows close to your sides.

**PRACTICE**

Key each line twice. Press Tab where you see an arrow. Double-space after each pair of lines.

**Practice Letters and Tab**

5. aba bcc cdd dee efe ghh hii ijj
6. jkk lmn mnn ope qrr stt uvw xyz
7. DMA UPS CPU CRT LCD IRQ KBD I/O

**Practice Short Words and Tab**

8. all ad cat cot dot lot rot not
   9. be bit bat do to tot in the
10. if so then who call to tell me
11. TO BE OR NOT TO BE THAT IS

**Practice Indenting with Tab**

Key the following text as a paragraph. Use word wrap. To indent the paragraph, press Tab where you see the arrow.

12. Qatar is an independent Arab state
13. in the Middle East, bordering the
14. Persian Gulf. It is a major exporter of
15. oil and natural gas.
BREAKING BAD HABITS
Do not raise your elbows. Keep your arms close to your body.

REVIEW
The keyboard shows the keys you have learned so far. This lesson focuses on the keys highlighted in dark blue.

WARM UP
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines.

1 A diller a dollar, a ten o'clock scholar
2 Everyone's seen a movie, no? We did not.
3 a/b/c/d/e/f/g/h/i/j/k/l/m/n/o/p/q/r/s/t/
4 Del thinks he's all that. Al thinks not.

PRACTICE
Key each line twice. Double-space after each pair of lines. Where you see an arrow, press Tab.

Practice Caps Lock
5 PHASE One; PHASE Two; PHASE Three; RESET
6 MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and FRIDAYS AT NINE
7 Jamal: WISHING YOU A VERY HAPPY BIRTHDAY

Practice ?
8 Who said that? Why? Where is Paul going?
9 Well, which is it? What? You don't know?
10 How are you? Yes? No? Do you? Won't you?

Practice Tab
11 eucalyptus→ hemlock→ sycamore→ larch
12 hickory→ dogwood→ chestnut→ willow

Practice Caps Lock ? and Tab
13 TO:→ FR:→ RE:→ CC:→ FAX:→ EXT:→ FL:→ DEPT:
14 VOL→ HIGH→ LOW→ DATE→ OPEN→ CHG→ YTD→ INT
15 ADRIANA, did ALEJANDRO call the station?
16 Narrator: WHO KNOWS WHICH WAY THEY FLED?
**LEARN**

If you are doing something—like a science fair project—that requires you to enter lots of numbers, you will benefit from using the ten key pad or “ten key.” This is the number pad to the right of the letters on your keyboard or the ten keys on calculators and adding machines. (Most laptop computers do not have a ten key pad. Numbers are on the top row of the keyboard.) Good ten key skills may help you get your work done faster and more accurately.

Your home row is now a home key 5 in the middle of the 4 5 6 row. This key usually has a small raised line to guide you, so you don’t have to look when placing your right hand lightly on the keys. Even lefties must use the right hand for the ten key, unless they have a specially designed keyboard with the number pad on the left.

You will use your index finger for 4, your middle finger for 5, and your ring finger for 6. The same arrangement goes for the 1 2 3 row below, and the 7 8 9 row above. You use your thumb for the 0 and the Enter keys.

**PRACTICE**

Rest your right hand lightly on the keys, with your index finger on 4, your middle finger on 5 (the home key), your ring finger on 6, and your pinkie on 7.

Double-space after each line, using your pinkie on the Enter key to return:

1 4, 5, 6 and +
2 0456++65400
3 6645+45650
4 400+566+450
5 5+566465++4